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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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COUNTRY

Rumanie

SUBJECT

Ration Jards/Availability of Food, Clothing and Household Commodities in Bucharest Nov-early Dec 53.

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SUPP. TO REPORT NO.

- Ration Cards
 1. "The following consumer information dates through or rly December 52 and
- 2. "Ration cords exist throughout sumania for the following 10 must

Bread Food Commodities Clothing, choes and shoe results Firewood and petroleum

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3. "The types of ration cards accorded various categories of citizens are:

Ration Card A - Miners

B - Heavy Workers (mainly in heavy metallurgical industries)

B-1 - Heavy Workers (in small plants and factories)

- All other categories of employees in the Government's field of labor

D-1 - Pensioners and all family members (wives) or ration card holders in categories A, B, B-1, C and D-1.

D-2 - Children of ration card holders, from birth to the age of 14.

Thus, ration cards are issued to persons within the Government's field of labor and pensioners, and their wives and children.

- 4. "Persons without the Government 's field of labor, with two exceptions, are not entitled to any ration cards. The exceptions are:
 - (a) Pregnant women, from the fifth month of pregnancy until delivery. Issued, upon a medical certificate from the Circa Sanitara (Dispensary of a city sub-sector) upon which the woman depends. They are granted ration cards for bread, sugar, and cil of edible sunflower seeds.
 - (b) All male and female citizens affected with tuberculosis who also possess a Poverty Certificate -- and thus are indirectly authorized to medical attention at their local circa Samutara. They are issued ration cards for bread and firewood, upon a medical certificate from their Circa Samitara.

The actual issue of the ration cards in both cases is done through the <u>Statul</u> <u>Popullor</u> (People's Board) of the <u>raion</u> (city sector) in which they live. Each month the cards for bread and food commodities have a different color.

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Government's field of labor.

granted pensioners and their wives; their children held D-2 cards.

Because they found the quantities of food commodities issued on these ration cards insufficient for their daily wants and because certain items missing from State Stores are available in Cooperative Stores, they joined the Gloria Cooperative. They paid an annual membership fee of 100 Lei for the Cooperative Membership Card. As membril Cooperatori they had the right to buy at free prices foods not available in the State Stores.)

- 5. "The following quantities of consumer goods are issued on the D-1 Ration Cards:
 - (a) D-1 Cartela de Paine (Bread Ration Card)

250 grams of bread per day

(b) D-1 Alimente (Food Commodities Card) - Issued monthly through the People's Borad of the citizen's raion.

Sugar: 500 gms per person per month
Sunflower seed oil: 400 decaliters per person per month
Soap: 250 gms per person every three months (including one cake
of Cheia toilet soap)

Faste fainoase (pasta): 500 gms per person every three months
Meat: 150 gms per person per week.

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(c) D-1 Carnet de Pensie (Clothing, Shoes and Thoe Repair Ration Card)

- Issued by the People's Board of the raion, every six months.

This perticular card is prepared on thick brown cardboard about 12 x 16 cms. It bears the holder's name and surname, precise street address, and city sector. It is stemped with the round stamp of the People's Board of the raion. The middle of the card has the letter 'A' through 'L' inclusive. The left side gives the numbers 'l' through '36'. The right upper corner of the card, just over the holder's personal data, has coupons for: shoes, repair of shoes and metre (white cotton material).

There are 36 points on each ration card (i e 72 a year). The card further entitles the holder to:

Three meters of metraj material

A pair of shoes - the bon de incaltaminte or shoe coupon

Shoe repair - new soles - at a Shoemaker's Cooperative
the bon de reparat incaltaminte (With a coupon in Dec 53

a set of new soles and heels cost 14 Le1)

(Sources A and B vere unable to be precise on the number of
points needed for various clothing items. Source B remarked
vaguely that a prosop (towel) needs six coupons and the
letters ABC; a Rumanian basma kerchief needs four coupons and
the letter F. They said they had very little money to buy
anything.)

(d) D-1 Cortela de Lemne se l'etrol (Firewood and Petroleum Ration Card)
- Issued only to the head of a femily unit; regardless of the number
of dependents. Issued by the People's Board of the raion.

3000 Kilos of firewood per ammum Unknown (to sources) quantity of petroleum

The firewood and petroleum are distributed through the State Firewood and POL Fupply depots - Combustibil - which exist in every sub-sector of Bucharest. (In Nov 53 Source B renounced 500 kilos of firewood and received in exchange 23 liters of petroleum (gaz). The paid 0.50 bani for the petroleum.)

- 6. "The following quantities of consumer goods are issued on the D-2 ration cards, for children:
 - (a) p-2 Cartela de Paine (Eread Ration Card)

300 gms of brend daily

(b) D-2 Cartele de Alimente (Food Commodities Ration Cara)

Sugar: 1 kilo per month
Edible sunflower seeds and cooking oil: 400 decaliters
per month
Soap: 250 gams every three months
One cake of Cheia toilet soap every three months, in addition
-- different from the adult ration
Paste Fainoase: 500 gams every three months
Gris (Semolina): 500 gams per month
Meat: 250 gams per week

(c) D-2 Cartela de Imbraceminte (Clothing Ration Card) - Issued every six months, with 41 points per card. The card for children is similar to the adult D-1 except that it is violet im color. The Metraj allowance for children is eight meters per year.

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- Aveilability and Prices of Road Commodities
 7. "The following lists of food commodities indicates the prices in lei of these commodities when sold to ration card holders in official outlets (the ration prices) and in Cooperatives or in the state Stores (free prices) in Nov and early Dec 53 in Bucharest. The goods issued through Cooperatives cost the same as goods on the free market; there is more frequent distribution of the goods within the cooperatives.
- 8. "Bread is on sale in the <u>Sentre de saine</u> (Bread Centers). The bread obtainable on ration coupons is also on sale at free prices (naturally higher) in the Sentre.

	quantity	Ration Prices-lei	Free Prices-Lei
Black brend (retioned)	1 kilo	1.40	2.80
White bread, long loaves, 700 gms each Semi-white bread, new	700 gms	not available	3.80
type on sale early Dec 53 in 700 gm Loaven	700 gms	not available	2 .6 0
Chifla (sweet bread)	one cake	not available	0.30

9. There are no ration cords for milk. There are no milk distribution centers for ordinary citizens, not even those within the Government's field of labor. All distribution of milk takes place through the Cooperatives; therefore it is available (in Bucharest at least) only to Cooperative members.

• • •	Quantity	Ration Prices-lei	Free Prices-lei
Milk	l liter	not on ration not on ration	1.10
Lapte Batut (acidophilus)	l liter		1.00

10. "There are special centers called Centre Alimentare de Rationate to serve holders of the Food Commodity Ration Cards. There is one such center in each city sub-sector of Bucharest, where ration card holders may shop with their coupons. There are also the Complimentare or State Stores for Food Commodities, which sell food commodities to anyone, without coupons. Other food commodities are sold through the Cooperatives to Cooperative members.

	Qu	antity	Rat	ion Prices-lei	Free Prices-lei
Butter Branza do Vaca (cow-checse)	.1	kilo not		available	2 5.00
Branza de Braila (Braila					
cheese) 1st quality	1	kilo	not	available	11.50
2nd quelity	1.1	kilo	not	available	9.00
muntana (creem)		not	availab	le anywhere***	
Rice	1	kilo	not	available	9.00
Cornflour	1.	kilo	not	available	4.00
Malei (polentà)	- 1	k1lo	not	available	2.70
Pork fat	1	k1lo	not	available	40.00 - 50. 00
Mezuluri (various types				•	
salumi)	<i>j.</i>	k ilo	not	available	3.2.60 - 28.60
Halve (Turkish candy), only	 				
100 gms sold to a custome	r		:		
et a time	1	kilo	not	available	211.00
Bombosne (candy)	1.	kilo	not	available	12.00 - 20.00

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	Quantity	Ration Prices-lei	Free Prices-lei
Chocolate Cocoa	Available	at free prices; not not available	140,00
Olives	l kilo	not available	25.00
Eggs, through the Cooperatives	each	o .6 5	
Eggs, in State Stores	each	4==	1.80 - 3.00

11. "Meat is sold in State Butcher Stores called Comcar. Types of meat, available only to ration card holders, are as follows:

		<u> </u>	ientity	Retion Prices-lei	Free Prices-lei
Beof		,	,		
lst	quality	1	kilo	7.00	10.00
	quality	1	kilo	5.00	10.00
	quality	1	kilo	3.00	10.00
Pork					
1.ct	quality	(cotlete)1	kilo	9.00	14.00 - 15.00
2nd	quality	1	kilo.	7.00	14.00 - 15.00
	quality	1	kilo	5.00	14.00 - 15.90
Legib		1	kilo	7.00	10.00

The quality of meat is determined by the Comear clerk (Vanzator-Meceler). consumer can't protest too many bones, etc. There is a certain degree of selection for ration card holders, none for buyers at the free prices. Ment sold for free prices is lumped into one quality and sold as best or lamb at the fixed price of 10 lei per kilo. The free prices for pork are higher. There are two quewes in front of any Comcar store. In the first queue customers are waiting to have ration coupons detached at the cashier's booth. The customer hands over the ration card. The cashier detaches the coupons. The customer indicates the quality of meat desired and pays the cashier the recessary money -- a housewife will be carrying the ration cards of her family. Then the customer is given a small piece of paper bearing the stamp of the Comcar on which the cashier has written the quantity and quality of meet purchased. The customer lines up in the other queue to collect the meat, hunds over the slip of paper, watches the meat weighed and is handed a piece of paper -- generally old newspaper -- in which to wrap it. The customer does the wrapping. Wanpping paper is seldom available in the meat and food commodity stores. There was a shortage of meat in Bucharest in Dec 53. Ration card holders are not forced to do their shopping in one specific thate Store; this has been true since spring 1953. But consumers do stick to one store so that they will be known and perhaps better served. The clerk in a State Store may ask a ration card holder to identify himself, prior to issue of rations. --

- 12. "Fish is sold in the Compescarie (Fish Centers). There is little variety, and the centers are poorly supplied. It is very difficult to obtain erector stince. Not available at ration prices. One kilo cost 6.30 lei (free price) Dec 53.
- 13. "Fruits and vegetables are sold in the Aprozar centers in markets such as the Obor market.

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		Quantity	Ration Prices	Free Prices-lei
	Ardei (peppers)	l kilo	not avallable on ration cards	0.45
	Warza (cabbage),soarco	1 kilo	n	0,20
	Fraz (lock)		et .	0.65
	Conopida (cauliflower)	l kilo	•	(forgotten price)
	Morcov (carrots)		•	0.45
	Patranjel (parsley)	l kilo	10 .	0.65
	Ridichi de Lune (radis	h) l kilo	**	0.40
i	Rosii Verzi de Muratur		n	0.25
	(green tomatees, for pickles)		·	
	Bfecla (bestroot)	l kilo	rs .	0.65
	Cospa (onions), scarce	l kilo	n	1.20
1	Wanturoi (garlic),scar	ce l kilo	,	1.20
	Mere (apples)	l kilo	n	0.65 - 1. 20
	Pere (pears)	l kilo	n	2.00
	Prune (prunes)	l kilo	n '	1.00 - 1.20
	Struguri	l kilo	H ·	2.50 - 3.00
- 1	The second secon			1 11-

- The following foods were very scarce autumn 1953 in the State Stores (for free sale to citizens without the Government's field of labor and at ration prices to holders of ration cards): Mezeluri (salami), cheese, butter, rice and sugar. These foods were more easily available in Cooperatives to Cooperative authors.
- 15. Farmers in the villages around Eucharest bring in products to all the markets and sell them directly to customers, sometimes at lower prices.

 Farmers also sometimes deliver products directly to a customer's home address.

 But membership in a Cooperative is the only way to gain access to scarce goods that are rarely, if at all, distributed to the ordinary citizen.
- 16. "One liter of wine cost 4.50 25.00 lei (only at free prices) in late 1953.
- Hairersseing

 17. Im late 1993 a man's haircut in a Berber's Cooperative cost 2.00 Le1. A woman's electric personent wave cost 30 le1."

- end -

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